Transport for London

2011/2012 Crime statistics bulletin

Quarter 3 (1 October - 31 December 2011/2012)

Transport for London Crime and anti-social behaviour quarterly statistics bulletin

Quarter 3 (1 October – 31 December) 2011/12

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1. Introduction

This quarterly bulletin brings together crime and incident statistics from the Metropolitan Police Service (MPS), British Transport Police (BTP) and Transport for London (TfL) and provides a summary of crime and anti-social behaviour (ASB) on TfL services during Q3 2011/12 (October–December 2011). The bulletin focuses on the London Bus network, London Underground/Docklands Light Railway, London Tramlink and London Overground service¹.

The BTP is responsible for policing the rail network in London, including the TfL managed London Underground (LU), Docklands Light Railway (DLR), London Tramlink and the London Overground (LO) services. Crime figures for the LU, DLR, London Tramlink and LO have been provided by the BTP. Crime figures for LU and DLR are reported together as these networks are policed by the same division of the BTP. The BTP only deals with crime relating to the rail and Tramlink network.

The MPS is responsible for policing the rest of London's transport network, including the bus network. The figures reported in this bulletin for the bus network are based on official MPS figures for bus-related crime unless otherwise stated. There is no distinct category of 'bus crime' in the MPS crime recording system. Recorded crime data is extracted from the MPS system using a complex query that searches all MPS crime for transport venue codes and those that have the word bus, bus stop, bus station and transport related words somewhere in the electronic case file. For this reason, some crimes that did not occur on the bus network will be included in the figures. This is different from the BTP as all crimes dealt with by the BTP and included on their crime recording system relate directly to the rail network.

Recorded crime figures relate to crime recorded by the MPS and BTP in the quarterly period. The figures do not include crimes that have not been reported to the police or those that the police decide not to record. Crime figures reported in this bulletin are consistent with Home Office counting rules and are subject to revision in future updates. At the end of the financial year, crime and passenger journey figures contained in this report will be adjusted to reflect the most accurate and up to date data available. Some of the figures and percentage changes published in this report may change. The adjusted figures will be published in the annual statistical bulletin.

Public transport in London continues to be a relatively safe and low crime environment. Currently, over ten million passengers travel on the TfL's public transport services each day with very few of them ever experiencing or witnessing crime. Official figures from the MPS and the BTP show further reductions in levels of crime on the transport network despite increasing passenger numbers. The risk of becoming a victim of crime is falling.

The levels of bus-related crime in the third quarter of 2011/12 (October 2011–December 2011) were 7.7% lower than in 2010/11 and the rate of crime for the bus network has fallen to 9.3 crimes per million passenger journeys (from 10.4 in the third quarter of 2010/11). Crime on LU/DLR has reduced by 17.3% during the third quarter of 2011/12 compared to 2010/11 with the rate falling to 9.2 crimes per million passenger journeys (from 11.7 in the third quarter of 2010/11).

¹ London Overground services operate on the North London Railway and the new East London Railway. The North London Railway consists of the North London Line (Richmond to Stratford), the London Euston to Watford Junction local line, the West London Line (Willesden Junction to Clapham Junction via Kensington Olympia) and the Gospel Oak to Barking line. The extended East London Line operates between Highbury and Islington and West Croydon/Crystal Palace/New Cross.

These reductions in crime have been driven by a range of initiatives undertaken by TfL in partnership with the police forces in London. TfL's significant investment in transport policing and commitment to improving safety and security has ensured the system remains a low crime environment. The Right Direction: The Mayor's strategy to improve transport safety and security provides more information on TfL and partner activities to enhance safety and security across the transport system – http://www.tfl.gov.uk/assets/downloads/corporate/the-right-direction.pdf

2. Crime trend over recent years

2.1. Bus-related Crime 2008/9–2010/11

Table 1 shows the break-down of MPS bus-related crime by the major crime categories used by the MPS for 2008/9, 2009/10 and 2010/11 and includes the rate of crime² for each of these categories with the exception of burglary³. In 2010/11, there were 10.5 crimes for every million passenger journeys made on the bus network.

Information on offences included in the MPS major crime categories can be found at http://maps.met.police.uk/tables.htm

Crime Type	200	8/9	200	9/10	201	0/11
chine rype	Crimes	Rate	Crimes	Rate	Crimes	Rate
Burglary	86	N/A	63	N/A	82	N/A
						Less
Criminal Damage	3,723	1.7	2,350	1.0	2,060	than l
		Less		Less		Less
Drugs	779	than I	693	than l	887	than l
		Less		Less		Less
Fraud / Forgery	387	than l	325	than l	316	than I
Other Notifiable		Less		Less		Less
Offences	234	than I	276	than l	253	than I
Robbery	2,761	1.2	2,564	1.1	2,665	1.2
		Less		Less		Less
Sexual Offences	535	than I	550	than I	514	than I
Theft and Handling	10,948	4.9	11,265	5.0	10,621	4.7
Violence against the						
Person	7,609	3.4	6,890	3.1	6,576	2.9
Total	27,062	12.1*	24,976	. *	23,974	10.5*

Table I

² Rate of crime per million passenger journeys is calculated by the dividing the number of crimes by the number of passenger journeys multiplied by one million.

³ Most burglaries take place in buildings and therefore it is not appropriate to calculate crime rates for burglary based on the number of passenger journeys made on the bus network.

^{*} Bus-related crime rates for 2008/9, 2009/10 and 2010/11 are based on annual passenger journey figure of 2.247b, 2.257b and 2.289b respectively.

2.2. Reconciled financial year to date bus-related crime

Table 2 provides a breakdown of reconciled MPS bus-related crime for the first nine months of 2011/12. The figures in this table are based on the up to date crime figures available from the MPS and bus passenger journey data from TfL at the time of publication. These figures will differ slightly from the quarterly snapshot figures provided in these bulletins. The figures are based on the latest information in the MPS crime reporting information system (CRIS) – MPS monthly figures are subject to change for up to two years to reflect any updates from ongoing investigations.

	2010/11	2011/12	Volume	%
Crime Type	(Apr – Dec)	(Apr – Dec)	Change	Change
Criminal Damage	I,594	1,384	-210	-13.2%
Drugs	644	551	-93	- 4.4%
Fraud / Forgery	244	222	-22	-9.0%
Other Notifiable				
Offences (including				
burglary)	257	219	-38	-14.8%
Robbery	1,771	2,084	+313	+17.7%
Sexual Offences	368	378	+10	+2.7%
Theft and Handling	8,033	7,177	-856	-10.7%
Violence Against the				
Person	4,984	4,307	-677	-13.6%
Total	17,895	16,322	-1,573	-8.8%
Bus-related crime				
per million				
passenger journeys	10.5	9.3	-1.2	-11.0%

2.3. London Underground and Docklands Light Railway Crime 2008/9– 2010/11

Table 3 provides a breakdown of the major crime categories⁴ used by the BTP for the LU/DLR network in 2008/9, 2009/10 and 2010/11. There were 11.4 crimes for every million passenger journeys made on the LU/DLR network in 2010/11.

Information on offences included in the BTP major crime categories can be found within http://www.btp.police.uk/docs/Aboutus Performance FMI March 2009.xls

Crime Type	200	8/9	2009	9/10	201	0/11
Chine Type	Crimes	Rate	Crimes	Rate	Crimes	Rate
Violence Against the						
Person	2,158	1.9	1,997	1.8	1,971	1.7
		Less		Less		Less
Sexual Offences	338	than l	328	than I	300	than l
						Less
Criminal Damage	1,615	1.4	1,337	1.2	1,066	than I
		Less		Less		Less
Line of Route	118	than l	112	than I	112	than I
Theft of Passenger						
Property	6,134	5.3	6,794	6.0	6,520	5.5
Motor Vehicle/Cycle		Less		Less		Less
Offences	359	than l	346	than I	368	than I
		Less		Less		Less
Robbery	136	than l	137	than I	161	than I
Theft of Railway		Less		Less		Less
Property / Burglary	381	than I	407	than I	602	than l
Serious Public Order	1,892	1.6	1,462	1.3	1,307	1.1
		Less		Less		Less
Serious Fraud	230	than I	206	than I	227	than l
						Less
Drugs	1,616	1.4	1,266	1.1	727	than l
Other Serious		Less		Less		Less
Offences	132	than l	144	than I	111	than l
Total Notifiable						
Offences	15,109	13.1**	14,536	12.8**	13,472	.4**

⁴ The BTP categorise crime differently to the MPS. The BTP categories reflect the type of crime experienced on the rail network.

^{**} BTP LU/DLR crime rates for 2008/9, 2009/10 and 2010/11 are based on annual passenger journey figures of 1.156b, 1.134b and 1.186b respectively.

2.4. London Overground Crime 2008/9–2010/11

Table 4 provides a breakdown of the major crime categories used by the BTP for the LO network in 2008/9, 2009/10 and 2010/11. The London Overground statistics comprise offences recorded at stations or on trains managed by London Overground Rail Operations Ltd (LOROL) for TfL with some additional non-LOROL managed stations included where TfL is keen to monitor offences⁵.

It is not possible to calculate a crime rate per passenger journey for previous years as accurate passenger data has only been available from November 2010 onwards.

Crime Type	2008/9 Crimes	2009/10 Crimes	2010/11 Crimes
Violence Against the			
Person	103	93	142
Sexual Offences	9	9	
Criminal Damage	43	51	70
Line of Route	3	0	7
Theft of Passenger			
Property	67	68	125
Motor Vehicle/Cycle			
Offences	13	23	31
Robbery	10	13	24
Theft of Railway			
Property / Burglary	40	23	46
Serious Public Order	79	80	95
Serious Fraud	3	2	10
Drugs	106	79	86
Other Serious			
Offences	16	9	11
Total Notifiable			
Offences	492	450	658

⁵ The London Overground statistics comprise offences recorded at stations or on trains managed by London Overground Rail Operations Ltd (LOROL) for TfL with some additional non-LOROL managed stations included where TfL is keen to monitor offences which have occurred upon a LOROL train. Offences occurring at several non-LOROL managed stations, which are deemed not to be related to the LOROL service, have not been included to avoid counting offences which are more appropriately recorded in the totals either for a) other BTP divisions (e.g. a crime committed at Harrow & Wealdstone to Queen's Park stations, except Willesden Junction, would be counted as a BTP London Underground Area crime) or b) against different organizations within the rail industry (e.g. a crime committed on Watford Junction station would be treated as belonging to London Midland, who operate that station). These figures are subject to revision due to re-classification of offences (either by crime category or police division / train operating company).

2.5. London Tramlink Crime 2008/9-2010/11

Table 5 provides a breakdown of the major crime categories used by the BTP for the London Tramlink network in 2008/9, 2009/10 and 2010/11. There were 13.2 crimes for every million passenger journeys made on the London Tramlink network in 2010/11.

Crime Type	200	8/9	2009	/10	2010	/11
Chine Type	Crimes	Rate	Crimes	Rate	Crimes	Rate
Violence Against the						
Person	76	2.8	85	3.3	89	3.2
		Less		Less		Less
Sexual Offences	8	than I	3	than I	4	than I
Criminal Damage	52	1.9	59	2.3	44	1.6
Line of Route	72	2.6	55	2.1	35	1.3
Theft of Passenger						
Property	38	1.4	55	2.1	55	2.0
Motor Vehicle/Cycle		Less		Less		Less
Offences	9	than I	12	than l	20	than I
		Less				Less
Robbery	22	than I	26	1.0	17	than l
Theft of Railway		Less		Less		Less
Property / Burglary	25	than I	19	than I	11	than I
Serious Public Order	64	2.4	48	1.9	52	1.9
		Less		Less		Less
Serious Fraud	10	than I	2	than I	9	than l
Drugs	27	1.0	37	1.4	30	1.1
Other Serious		Less		Less		Less
Offences	8	than I	2	than l	1	than l
Total Notifiable]
Offences	411	15.1**	403	15.6**	367	13.2**

^{**} London Tramlink crime rates for 2008/9, 2009/10 and 2010/11 are based on annual passenger journey figures of 27.20 million, 25.82 million and 27.86 million respectively.

3. Quarterly crime results

Table 6 shows the number of recorded crimes and the rate of crime per million passenger journeys for Q3 2010/11 and Q3 2011/12⁶. The last column of the table shows the percentage change in the number of crimes between Q3 2010/11 and Q3 2011/12.

Network	Q3 201	0/11	Q3 201	% change in Crimes	
	Crimes	imes Rate Crimes Rate			
Bus	5,904	10.4	5,448	9.3	-7.7%
London Underground /Docklands Light Railway	3,960	11.7	2,945	9.2	-17.3%
London Overground	185	N/A	194	7.1	+4.9%
London Tramlink	91	12.8	82	11.0	-9.9%

Table 6

4. Monthly breakdown

Table 7 shows the total number of crimes for each month in Q3 2011/12.

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Network	Octo	ber	Noven	nber	December		
	Crimes	Rate	Crimes	Rate	Crimes	Rate	
Bus	1,841	9.1	1,957	9.6	1,650	9.1	
London Underground /Docklands Light Railway	1,031	9.4	987	9.0	927	9.1	
London Overground	64	6.7	72	7.6	58	7.1	
London Tramlink	22	8.8	27	10.5	33	14.0	

⁶ Quarterly and monthly crime figures published in this bulletin are based on figures produced by the MPS and BTP at the end of each month as a snapshot of recorded crime. These figures are then aggregated to create quarterly values for this quarterly bulletin. These figures are not updated retrospectively until the end of the financial year when adjusted figures are published in the annual statistical bulletin.

5. Bus-related crime levels – breakdown by major crime category

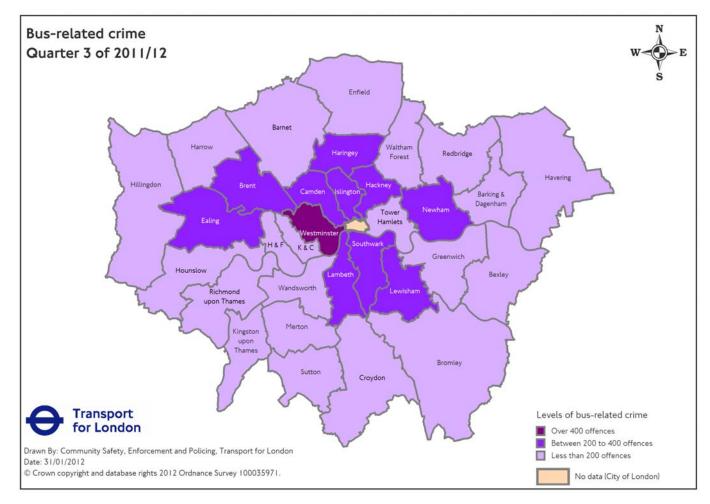
Table 8 shows the breakdown of MPS bus-related crime by the major crime categories used by the MPS for Q3 2011/12. The table includes the number of crimes, the crime rates per million passenger journeys and comparisons with Q3 2010/11.

Offence	Q3 20	10/11	Q3 20	11/12	% change
Offence	Crimes	Rate	Crimes	Rate	in Crimes
Burglary	23	N/A	4	N/A	-39.1%
Criminal damage	442	Less	402	Less	-9.1%
		than l		than l	- 7.1 /0
Drugs	215	Less	176	Less	-18.1%
	215	than l	170	than l	-10.176
Fraud / forgery	76	Less	79	Less	+3.9%
	70	than l	17	than l	. 3. 778
Other notifiable	51	Less	49	Less	-3.9%
offences		than l		than l	5.778
Robbery	585	1.0	676	1.1	+15.6%
Sexual offences	140	Less	134	Less	-4.3%
	140	than l	134	than l	-4.576
Theft and	2,738	4.8	2,491	4.2	-9.0%
Handling	2,730	0	2,471		
VAP	1,634	2.9	1,427	2.4	-12.7%
Total Offences	5,904	10.4	5,448	9.3	-7.7%

Map 1 – Bus-related crime volume by borough

Map I shows the breakdown of MPS bus-related crime by borough for Q3 2011/12. The darker shades of purple show the boroughs with the highest number of recorded bus-related crimes. The map has not been adjusted for passenger or population numbers. Borough bus-related crime figures are shown in table 9.

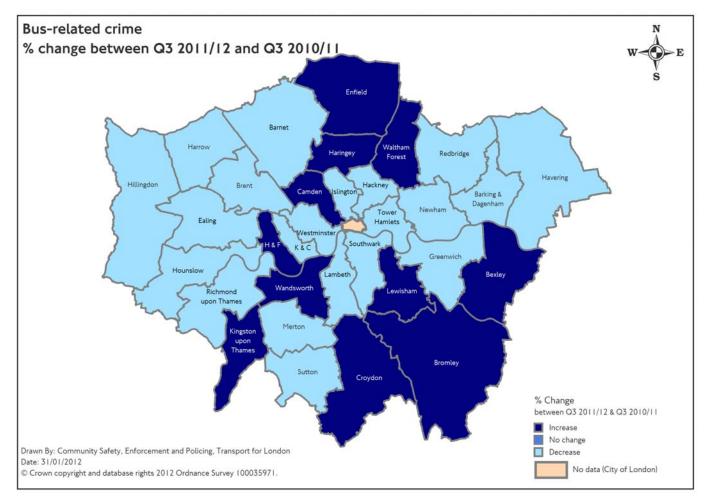
Please note that the map below does not include data for the City of London; this is policed by the City of London Police (CoLP) which is a separate police force from the MPS.



Map 2 – Bus-related crime change between Q3 2011/12 and Q3 2010/11 by borough

Map 2 shows the percentage change in the levels of bus-related crime between Q3 2010/11 and Q3 2011/12. The lighter blue boroughs have seen reductions in crime. The boroughs shaded in the darkest blue have seen an increase in levels of crime. Borough bus-related crime figures are shown in table 9.

It is not possible to create similar maps of BTP recorded crime. The exact location of crimes upon the rail network is unknown due to some victims identifying the offence at the end of their journey which was undertaken across more than one borough.



					Q3 20	011/12						
	Burglary	Criminal Damage	Drugs	Fraud or Forgery	Other Notifiable Offences	Robbery	Sexual Offences	Theft and Handling	Violence Against the Person	Q3 2011/12 Total	Q3 2010/11 Total	% Change
Barking & Dagenham	1	10	4		0	17	3	28	39	113	119	-5.0%
Barnet	0	9	7	3	1	33	7	76	41	177	221	-19.9%
Bexley	0	9	1	5	0	6	6	13	16	56	51	9.8%
Brent	0	13	6	3	2	41	4	81	62	212	222	-4.5%
Bromley	0	19	2	3		27	3	30	44	129	101	27.7%
Camden	0	4	4	5	2	18	4	170	59	276	274	0.7%
Croydon	2	24	6	1	3	33	4	48	58	179	176	1.7%
Ealing	0	16	7		3	25	7	126	70	255	256	-0.4%
Enfield	1	12	2	0	3	25	6	52	49	150	4	6.4%
Greenwich	0	12	3	7	1		3	27	57	121	126	-4.0%
Hackney	0	10	1	3	1	17	5	4	52	230	261	-11.9%
Hammersmith & Fulham	0	10	1	4	3	4	4	91	41	168	165	1.8%
Haringey	0	23	7	0	3	30		77	74	215	212	1.4%
Harrow	0	5	4	2	2	12	3	29	30	87	117	-25.6%
Havering	0	8	2		1	18	3	14	27	74	125	-40.8%
Hillingdon	1	36	4	5	4	23	4	54	40	171	172	-0.6%
Hounslow	0	4	-	0	2	17	7	43	47	131	133	-1.5%
Islington	0	6	4	2	3	21	6	139	43	224	280	-20.0%
Kensington & Chelsea	1		1	0	0	8	3	61	18	93	100	-7.0%
Kingston upon Thames	0	9	1		2	7		29	24	74	64	15.6%
Lambeth	1	18	13	7	0	43	7	164	75	328	350	-6.3%
Lewisham	0	13	8	2	2	39	10	78	64	216	212	1.9%
Merton	1	6	3	3	0	16	3	12	26	70	91	-23.1%
Newham	2	11	10	2	0	27	7	123	38	220	293	-24.9%

Table 9 - Borough breakdown of bus-related crime for Q3 2011/12 (October –December 2011)

Continued on next page

	Burglary	Criminal Damage	Drugs	Fraud or Forgery	Other Notifiable Offences	Robbery	Sexual Offences	Theft and Handling	Violence Against the Person	Q3 2011/12 Total	Q3 2010/11 Total	% Change
Redbridge	0	11	2	0		18	0	57	28	117	124	-5.6%
Richmond upon Thames	0	13	0	0	0	5	2	12	22	54	60	-10.0%
Southwark	0	25	6	0	3	49	7	162	69	321	373	-13.9%
Sutton	0	7	0			2	0	13	4	38	42	-9.5%
Tower Hamlets	0	2	1	4		23	4	67	33	135	200	-32.5%
Waltham Forest	3	5	5	2	0	12	3	100	39	169	145	16.6%
Wandsworth		11	1	5	0	17	4	87	37	163	128	27.3%
Westminster	0	20	49	6	4	22	3	287	91	482	570	-15.4%
Q3 2011/12 Total	14	402	176	79	49	676	134	2491	1,427	5,448	5,904	-7.7%
Q3 2010/11 Total	23	442	215	76	51	585	140	2,738	1,634		1	·/
% Change	-39.1%	-9.0%	-18.1%	3.9%	-3.9%	15.6%	-4.3%	-9.0%	-12.7%			

6. London Underground and Docklands Light Railway crime levels

Table 10 shows the breakdown of crime on the LU/DLR network by the major crime categories used by the BTP for Q3 2011/12. The table includes the number of crimes and the crime rates per million passenger journeys made on the LU/DLR and makes comparisons with Q3 2010/11.

Offence	Q3 2	010/11	Q3 2011/12		% change
Onence	Crimes	Rate	Crimes	Rate	in Crimes
Violence Against					
the Person	512	1.7	478	1.5	-6.6%
Sexual Offences	72	Less than I	83	Less than I	15.3%
Criminal Damage	248	Less than I	169	Less than I	-31.9%
Line of Route	27	Less than I	12	Less than I	-55.6%
Theft of Passenger					
Property	1,875	6.2	1,475	4.6	-21.3%
Motor					
Vehicle/Cycle					
Offences	85	Less than I	102	Less than I	20.0%
Robbery	49	Less than I	17	Less than I	-65.3%
Theft of Railway					
Property / Burglary	157	Less than I	59	Less than I	-62.4%
Serious Public					
Order	307	1.0	228	Less than I	-25.7%
Serious Fraud	55	Less than I	43	Less than I	-21.8%
Drugs	145	Less than I	257	Less than I	77.2%
Other Serious					
Offences	28	Less than I	22	Less than I	-21.4%
Total Notifiable					
Offences	3,560	11.7	2,945	9.2	-17.3%

7. London Overground crime levels

Table 11 shows the breakdown of crime on the LO network by the major crime categories used by the BTP for Q3 2011/12. The table includes the number of crimes and the crime rates per million passenger journeys made on the London Overground and makes comparisons with Q3 2010/11#.

Offence	Q3 2010	/11	Q3 2011/12		% change
Unence	Crimes	Rate	Crimes	Rate	in Crimes
Violence Against					
the Person	45	N/A	50	1.8	11.1%
Sexual Offences	1	N/A	2	Less than I	100.0%
Criminal Damage	12	N/A	10	Less than I	-16.7%
Line of Route	2	N/A	0	N/A	-100.0%
Theft of Passenger					
Property	41	N/A	48	1.8	17.1%
Motor					
Vehicle/Cycle					
Offences	10	N/A	21	Less than I	110.0%
Robbery	7	N/A	2	Less than I	-71.4%
Theft of Railway					
Property / Burglary	15	N/A	9	Less than I	-40.0%
Serious Public					
Order	29	N/A	30	1.1	3.4%
Serious Fraud	2	N/A	2	Less than I	0.0%
Drugs	19	N/A	19	Less than I	0.0%
Other Serious					
Offences	2	N/A		Less than I	-50.0%
Total Notifiable					
Offences	185	N/A	194	7.1	4.9%

^{‡‡} Passenger data is only available from November 2010, hence the absence of rate information for the previous year. Due to revisions to passenger counting there are two weeks of December 2011, in calculating the crime rate, which used reconciled data and may vary slightly.

8. London Tramlink crime levels

Table 12 shows the breakdown of crime on the London Tramlink network by the major crime categories used by the BTP for Q3 2011/12. The table includes the number of crimes and makes comparisons with Q3 2010/11.

Offence	Q3 2010/11		Q3 2011/12		% change
	Crimes	Rate	Crimes	Rate	in Crimes
Violence Against					-41.4%
the Person	29	4.1	17	2.3	-41.4%
Sexual Offences	3	Less than I	5	Less than I	66.7%
Criminal Damage	8	1.1	12	1.6	50.0%
Line of Route	10	1.4	10	1.3	N/A
Theft of Passenger					14.3%
Property	4	2.0	16	2.2	14.3%
Motor					
Vehicle/Cycle					
Offences	5	Less than I	3	Less than I	-40.0%
Robbery	7	Less than I	4	Less than I	-42.9%
Theft of Railway					
Property / Burglary	3	Less than I	0	N/A	-300.0%
Serious Public					
Order	4	Less than I	9	1.2	125.0%
Serious Fraud	1	Less than I	3	Less than I	200.0%
Drugs	7	Less than I	3	Less than I	-57.1%
Other Serious					
Offences	0	N/A	0	N/A	N/A
Total Notifiable					
Offences	91	12.7	82	11.0	-9.9%

9. Levels of Driver Incident Reports (DIRs) for the bus network

Table 13 shows the number of Driver Incident Reports (DIRs) relating to ASB and the rate of DIRs per million passenger journeys made on the bus network.

A DIR is a call from a driver of a London Bus to London's 24 hour bus control centre (CentreComm) via the on-bus radio system. Drivers use DIRs to request a response including an emergency response or to report an incident or issue. DIRs are made for a number of reasons including congestion, mechanical problems, passenger illness or anti-social behaviour. It is important to note that DIRs are not crimes and many relate to low level incidents that are used for intelligence purposes.

DIRs for anti-social behaviour fall broadly into five categories which are shown in the table below. Not all DIRs result in a crime and the reports range in severity from minor passenger disputes, rowdy behaviour to more serious incidents including fighting and threatening behaviour. TfL and the MPS actively encourage reporting of all incidents of an anti-social nature on the network. DIRs are a valuable source of intelligence, which is used to inform police deployment decisions and TfL's community safety activities.

ASB DIRs	Q3 2010/11		Q3 2011/12		% change in
A3D DIKS	DIRs	Rate	DIRs	Rate	DIRs
Criminal Damage	1,518	2.7	092, ا	1.9	-28.1%
Disturbances	6,448	.4	6,517	.	1.1%
Forgery / fraud	3,398	6.0	3,682	6.3	8.4%
Minicab Touting	0	N/A	0	N/A	N/A
Robbery /Theft and		Less		Less	
Handling	237	than l	252	than I	6.3%
Violent Offences		Less		Less	
	508	than l	500	than l	-1.6%
Total	12,109	21.4	12,043	20.5	-0.5%

Table	13
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10. Levels of fare evasion on the bus network

Surveys are undertaken every quarter, in February, May, August and November to investigate the levels of fare evasion^{§§} on the London bus network. A representative sample of One Person Operated (OPO) routes is surveyed plus all of the articulated routes to enable a comprehensive coverage of London. Table 14 shows results from the most recent London Buses fare evasion survey, conducted November 2011.

Та	ble	14
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Bus network	Q3 2010/11 (November survey) Fare Evasion Rate Rolling 12 month average	Q3 2011/12 (November survey) Fare Evasion Rate Rolling 12 month average
One Person Operated	1.5	1.0
Articulated buses	9.0	9.5

11. Perception of safety and security

Through market research, TfL monitors people's views of different aspects of using TfL's transport system including perceptions of how safe they feel when travelling on and waiting for transport services. Table 15 shows Q3 perception results for safety and security measured through TfL's Customer Satisfaction Survey. The results are presented as a score out of 100 and should not be interpreted as the percentage of people feeling safe. The higher scores reflect more positive perceptions of safety and security. Table 15 shows two scores for each mode of transport – one score for perception of safety and security on the vehicle and the other for stations and stops.

Bus network	Q3 2010/11 score	Q3 2011/12 score	Change
On bus	83	85	+2
At shelters / stops	80	82	+2
LU	Q3 2010/11 score	Q3 2011/12 score	Change
On train	84	85	+
At stations	82	83	+
DLR	Q3 2010/11 score	Q3 2011/12 score	Change
On train	84	86	+2
At stations	82	84	+2
LO	Q3 2010/11 score	Q3 2011/12 score	Change
On train	83	84	+
At stations	82	84	+2
Tramlink	Q3 2010/11 score	Q3 2011/12 score	Change
On tram	87	86	-
At stops	81	86	+5

^{§§} The fare evasion survey does include some ticketing irregularities that haven't necessarily resulted in fare evasion, such as non-validation of Zip cards.

12. Useful links

Transport for London http://www.tfl.gov.uk

Transport policing information <u>http://www.tfl.gov.uk/corporate/about-tfl/16031.aspx</u> Reporting a transport crime or incident <u>http://www.tfl.gov.uk/corporate/about-tfl/16116.aspx</u>

Metropolitan Police Service <u>http://www.met.police.uk</u> Crime figures <u>http://www.met.police.uk/crimefigures/index.php</u> Safer Transport Command and Safer Transport Teams <u>http://www.met.police.uk/transport/index.html</u>

British Transport Police <u>http://www.btp.police.uk/</u> Crime figures <u>http://www.btp.police.uk/stats/</u> L Area (London Underground / Docklands Light Railway) Division <u>http://www.btp.police.uk/about_us/areas/london_underground_dlr.aspx</u> London Underground Division Neighbourhood Policing Teams <u>http://www.btp.police.uk/neighbourhood_policing/london_underground_dlr.aspx</u>

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