Transport for London

2013/2014 Crime statistics bulletin

Quarter | 2013/14 (1 April – 30 June 2013)

Transport for London Crime and anti-social behaviour quarterly statistics bulletin

Quarter 1 (1 April- 30 June) 2013/14

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1. Introduction

1.1. Overview of Data included

This guarterly bulletin brings together crime and incident statistics from the Metropolitan Police Service (MPS), British Transport Police (BTP) and Transport for London (TfL) services during Q1 2013/14 (April–June 2013). The bulletin focuses on the London Bus network, London Underground/Docklands Light Railway and TfL's London Overground service.

The BTP is responsible for policing the rail network in London, including the TfL managed London Underground (LU), Docklands Light Railway (DLR), London Tramlink and the London Overground (LO) services. Crime figures for the LU, DLR, London Tramlink and LO have been provided by the BTP. Crime figures for LU and DLR are reported together as these networks are policed by the same division of the BTP. The BTP only deals with crime relating to the rail and Tramlink networks.

The MPS is responsible for policing the rest of London's transport network, including the bus network. The figures reported in this bulletin for the bus network are based on official MPS figures for bus-related crime unless otherwise stated. There is no distinct category of 'bus crime' in the MPS crime recording system. Recorded crime data is extracted from the MPS system using a complex guery that searches all MPS crime for transport venue codes and those that have the word bus, bus stop, bus station and transport related words somewhere in the electronic case file. For this reason, some crimes that did not occur on the bus network will be included in the figures. This is different from the BTP as all crimes dealt with by the BTP and included on their crime recording system relate directly to the rail network.

Recorded crime figures relate to crime recorded by the MPS and BTP in the quarterly period. The figures do not include crimes that have not been reported to the police or those that the police decide not to record. Crime figures reported in this bulletin are consistent with Home Office counting rules and are subject to revision in future updates. At the end of the financial year, crime and passenger journey figures contained in this report will be adjusted to reflect the most accurate and up to date data available. Some of the figures and percentage changes published in this report may change. The adjusted figures will be published in the annual statistical bulletin (See 2012/2013 Crime Statistics Bulletin for recent annual statistics - available here

http://www.tfl.gov.uk/assets/downloads/corporate/crime-statistic-bulletin-2012-13.pdf)

1.2. Summary of Quarterly statistics

Public transport in London continues to be a relatively safe and low crime environment. Currently, over ten million passengers travel on the TfL's public transport services each day with very few of them ever experiencing or witnessing crime.

Despite low levels of crime across the network, increases were seen in some crime types on some modes during Q1 2013/14 compared with the same quarter last year. The headline figures include:

The levels of pan-modal transport related crime¹ in QI 2013/14 were 5.7% lower than QI 2012/13 and the rate of crime has decreased to 8.2 crimes per million passenger journeys (from 9.0 in Q1 2012/13).

I The pan-modal transport crime figure and rate is based on the aggregate crime and passenger journey figures for the bus, LU/DLR, Tramlink and LO networks.

- The levels of bus-related crime in Q1 2013/14 were 7.5% lower than Q1 2012/13 (387 fewer offences) and the rate of crime for the bus network has fallen to 7.9 crimes per million passenger journeys (from 8.7 in Q1 2012/13).
- Crime on LU/DLR has decreased 4.7% during Q1 2013/14 (147 fewer offences) compared to Q1 2012/13 with the rate decreasing to 8.7 crimes per million passenger journeys (from 9.7 in Q1 2012/13).
- Crime on London Overground has increased 18.5% during Q1 2013/14 (39 additional offences) compared to Q1 2012/13 with the rate of crime falling to 7.2 crimes per million passenger journeys (from 7.5 in Q1 2012/13).
- Crime on London Tramlink has increased 7.0% during Q1 2013/14 (7 additional offences) compared to Q1 2012/13 with the rate of crime falling to 13.6 crimes per million passenger journeys (from 13.7 in Q1 2012/13).

These low levels of crime have been driven by a range of initiatives undertaken by TfL in partnership with the police forces in London. TfL's significant investment in transport policing and commitment to improving safety and security has ensured the system remains a low crime environment. The Right Direction, the Mayor's three year strategy for improving transport safety and security provides more information on activities to enhance safety and security across the transport system – http://www.london.gov.uk/publication/right-direction.

2. Quarterly crime results

Table 1 shows the number of recorded crimes and the rate of crime per million passenger journeys for Q1 2012/13 and Q1 2013/14². The last column of the table shows the percentage change in the number of crimes between Q1 2012/13 and Q1 2013/14.

Network	Q1 20	12/13	Q1 20	% change	
INCLIMOIN	Crimes	Rate	Crimes	Rate	in Crimes
Bus	5,164	8.7	4,777	7.9	-7.5%
London Underground					
/Docklands Light					
Railway	3,081	9.7	2,935	8.7	-4.7%
London Overground	211	7.5	250	7.2	18.5%
London Tramlink	100	13.7	107	13.6	7.0%
Pan-Modal	8,556	9.0	8,069	8.2	-5.7%

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 $^{^2}$ Quarterly and monthly crime figures published in this bulletin are based on figures produced by the MPS and BTP at the end of each month as a snapshot of recorded crime. These figures are then aggregated to create quarterly values for this quarterly bulletin. These figures are not updated retrospectively until the end of the financial year when adjusted figures are published in the annual statistical bulletin.

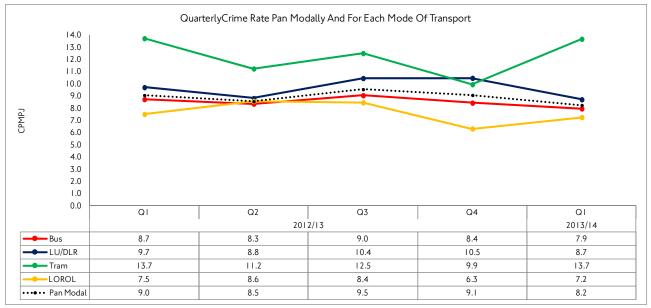
3. Monthly breakdown

Table 2 shows the total number of crimes for each month in Q1 2013/14. Chart 1 shows the crime rate on each mode and pan-modally since April 2011.

Network	Ар	ril	Ma	y	June		
Network	Crimes	Rate	Crimes	Rate	Crimes	Rate	
Bus	1,578	8.2	1,610	7.8	1,589	7.8	
London							
Underground							
/Docklands Light							
Railway	1,018	9.2	954	8.3	963	8.6	
London							
Overground	75	6.7	91	7.9	84	7.1	
London Tramlink	41	16.1	36	13.6	30	11.3	
Pan-Modal	2,712	8.6	2,691	8.0	2,666	8.1	

Table 2

Chart I



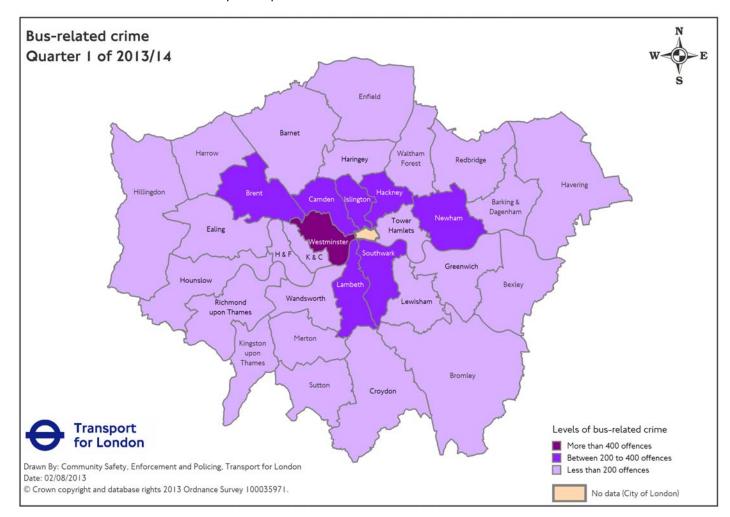
4. Bus-related crime levels – breakdown by major crime category

Table 3 shows the breakdown of MPS bus-related crime by the major crime categories used by the MPS for Q1 2013/14. The table includes the number of crimes, the crime rates per million passenger journeys and comparisons with Q1 2012/13.

Offence	Q1 20	12/13	Q1 20	3/ 4	% change
Offence	Crimes	Rate	Crimes	Rate	in Crimes
Burglary	11	N/A	18	N/A	63.6%
Criminal damage		Less		Less	
	425	than l	340	than I	-20.0%
Drugs		Less		Less	
	132	than l	280	than I	112.1%
Fraud / forgery		Less		Less	
	74	than l	10	than l	-86.5%
Other notifiable		Less		Less	
offences	39	than l	61	than I	56.4%
Robbery	589	1.0	448	1.0	-23.9%
Sexual offences		Less		Less	
	135	than l	4	than I	-15.6%
Theft and					
Handling	2,407	4.1	2,241	3.7	-6.9%
VAP	1,352	2.3	1,265	2.1	-6.4%
Total Offences	5,164	8.7	4,777	7.9	-7.5%

Map 1 – Bus-related crime volume by borough

Map I shows the breakdown of MPS bus-related crime by borough for QI 2013/14. The darker shades of purple show the boroughs with the highest number of recorded bus-related crimes. The map has not been adjusted for passenger or population numbers. Borough bus-related crime figures are shown in Table 4. Please note that the map below does not include data for the City of London; this is policed by the City of London Police (CoLP) which is a separate police force from the MPS.



Map 2 – Bus-related crime change between Q1 2012/13 and Q1 2013/14 by borough

Map 2 shows the percentage change in the levels of bus-related crime between Q1 2012/13 and Q1 2013/14. The lighter blue boroughs have seen reductions in crime. The boroughs shaded in the darkest blue have seen an increase in levels of crime. Borough bus-related crime figures are shown in Table 4. It is not possible to create similar maps of BTP recorded crime. The exact location of crimes upon the rail network is unknown due to some victims identifying the offence at the end of their journey which was undertaken across more than one borough.

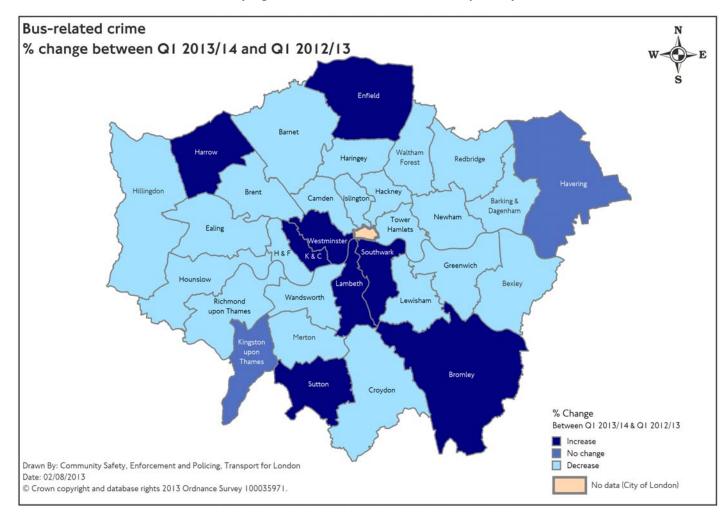


Table 4 - Borough breakdown of bus-related crime for Q1 2013/14 (April–June 2013)

					Q1 20) 3/ 4						
	Burglary	Criminal Damage	Drugs	Fraud or Forgery	Other Notifiable Offences	Robbery	Sexual Offences	Theft and Handling	Violence Against the Person	Q1 2013/14 Total	Q1 2012/13 Total	% Change
Barking & Dagenham		6	3	0	0	6	4	26	20	66	101	-34.7%
Barnet	0	9	7	0	3	6	5	72	54	156	172	-9.3%
Bexley		16	1	0	1	2	3	9	4	47	64	-26.6%
Brent	1	23	21		5	27	3	67	63	211	221	-4.5%
Bromley	0	8	1	0	1	12	6	29	39	96	95	+1.1%
Camden	1	8	5	0	1	16	3	118	57	209	218	-4.1%
Croydon	0	15	6	0	4	27	6	34	60	152	189	-19.6%
Ealing	2	16	12		5	12	4	71	49	172	231	-25.5%
Enfield		12	4	0	4	9	2	55	41	128	120	6.7%
Greenwich	0	15	3	0	0	4	4	47	35	118	121	-2.5%
Hackney		10	3	0	2	4	4	148	48	230	244	-5.7%
Hammersmith & Fulham	0	1		0	2	6	3	56	33	102	186	-45.2%
Haringey	0	12	3	0	1	27	1	88	42	174	185	-5.9%
Harrow	0	4		1	2	4	5	28		56	54	+3.7%
Havering	0	11		0	0	4	3	19	32	80	80	0.0%
Hillingdon	0	12	5	2	1	7	3	52	40	122	147	-17.0%
Hounslow	0	18		0	3	7	3	35	39	106	144	-26.4%
Islington	3	6	2	0	2		1	137	38	200	253	-20.9%
Kensington & Chelsea	0	7	1	0	3	4		71	4	101	94	+7.4%
Kingston upon Thames	0	7		0	0			20	20	50	50	0.0%
Lambeth	2	21	6	0	3	44	6	156	80	318	308	+3.2%
Lewisham	0	4	2	1	3	19	3	65	61	168	184	-8.7%
Merton	0	10	1	0	0	6		26	15	59	64	-7.8%
Newham		13	11		2	25	6	130	44	233	265	-12.1%

Continued on next page

	Burglary	Criminal Damage	Drugs	Fraud or Forgery	Other Notifiable Offences	Robbery	Sexual Offences	Theft and Handling	Violence Against the Person	Q1 2013/14 Total	Q1 2012/13 Total	
Redbridge	1	6	1	0	1	11	1	30	23	74	103	-28.2%
Richmond upon Thames	0	9	4	0	2	6	3	15	24	63	68	-7.4%
Southwark	0	18	0		2	62		191	77	352	293	+20.1%
Sutton	0	11		0	0	0	4	17	16	49	42	+16.7%
Tower Hamlets	0	5		0	2	6	5	47	42	108	118	-8.5%
Waltham Forest	1	2	3	0	2	11	5	90	42	156	157	-0.6%
Wandsworth	0	3			2	10	6	75	35	133	185	-28.1%
Westminster	2	12	167		2	22	8	217	57	488	408	+19.6%
Q1 2013/14 Total	18	340	280	10	61	448	114	2,241	1,265	4,777	5,164	-7.5%
Q1 2012/13 Total	11	425	132	74	39	589	135	2,407	1,352			
% Change	+63.6%	-20.0%	+112.1%	-86.5%	+56.4%	-23.9%	-15.6%	-6.9%	-6.4%			

5. London Underground and Docklands Light Railway crime levels

Table 5 shows the breakdown of crime on the LU/DLR network by the major crime categories used by the BTP for Q1 2013/14. The table includes the number of crimes and the crime rates per million passenger journeys made on the LU/DLR and makes comparisons with Q1 2012/13.

Offence	Q1 20) 2/ 3	Q1 20) 3/ 4	% change
Offence	Crimes	Rate	Crimes	Rate	in Crimes
Violence Against					
the Person	437	1.4	506	1.5	15.8%
		Less		Less	
Sexual Offences	83	than l	82	than I	-1.2%
		Less		Less	
Criminal Damage	187	than l	147	than I	-21.4%
		Less		Less	
Line of Route	18	than l	20	than I	11.1%
Theft of Passenger					
Property	1,713	5.4	1,441	4.3	-15.9%
Motor					
Vehicle/Cycle		Less		Less	
Offences	98	than I	70	than I	-28.6%
		Less		Less	
Robbery	21	than I	16	than I	-23.8%
Theft of Railway		Less		Less	
Property / Burglary	92	than I	54	than I	-41.3%
Serious Public		Less		Less	
Order	243	than I	223	than I	-8.2%
		Less		Less	
Serious Fraud	39	than I	58	than I	48.7%
		Less		Less	
Drugs	131	than I	283	than I	116.0%
Other Serious		Less		Less	
Offences	19	than I	35	than I	84.2%
Total Notifiable					
Offences	3,081	9.7	2,935	8.7	-4.7%

6. London Overground crime levels

Table 6 shows the breakdown of crime on the LO network by the major crime categories used by the BTP for Q1 2013/14. The table includes the number of crimes and the crime rates per million passenger journeys made on the London Overground and makes comparisons with Q1 2012/13.

Offence	Q1 20) 2/ 3	Q1 20) 3/ 4	% change
Offence	Crimes	Rate	Crimes	Rate	in Crimes
Violence Against					
the Person	51	1.8	48	1.4	-5.9%
		Less		Less	
Sexual Offences	1	than I	6	than I	500.0%
		Less		Less	
Criminal Damage	7	than I	8	than l	14.3%
		Less		Less	
Line of Route	1	than l	3	than l	200.0%
Theft of Passenger					
Property	49	1.7	66	1.9	34.7%
Motor					
Vehicle/Cycle				Less	
Offences	29	1.0	26	than I	-10.3%
	-	Less	-	Less	0.00/
Robbery	5	than l	5	than l	0.0%
Theft of Railway		Less		Less	07.50/
Property / Burglary	16	than l	2	than l	-87.5%
Serious Public	2.1	Less			110.00/
Order	21	than l	46	1.3	119.0%
		Less		Less	0.00/
Serious Fraud		than I		than I	0.0%
Drugs	27	1.0	37	.	37.0%
Other Serious	_	Less		Less	77 70
Offences	3	than l	2	than l	-33.3%
Total Notifiable		. .			
Offences	211	7.5	250	7.2	18.5%

7. London Tramlink crime levels

Table 7 shows the breakdown of crime on the London Tramlink network by the major crime categories used by the BTP for Q1 2013/14. The table includes the number of crimes and makes comparisons with Q1 2012/13.

Table 7					
Offence		12/13		13/14	% change
Offence	Crimes	Rate	Crimes	Rate	in Crimes
Violence Against					
the Person	24	3.3	19	2.4	-20.8%
		Less			
Sexual Offences	5	than I	0	N/A	-100.0%
		Less			
Criminal Damage	2	than I	11	1.4	450.0%
Line of Route	7	1.0	4	1.8	100.0%
Theft of Passenger					
Property	19	2.6	19	2.4	N/A
Motor					
Vehicle/Cycle		Less		Less	
Offences	1	than I	5	than l	400.0%
Robbery	13	1.8	8	1.0	-38.5%
Theft of Railway		Less		Less	
Property / Burglary	1	than I	1	than l	N/A
Serious Public					
Order	11	1.5	17	2.2	54.5%
		Less			
Serious Fraud	1	than I	0	N/A	-100.0%
Drugs	15	2.1	13	1.7	-13.3%
Other Serious		Less			
Offences	1	than I	0	N/A	-100.0%
Total Notifiable					
Offences	100	13.7	107	13.7	7.0%

8. Levels of Driver Incident Reports (DIRs) for the bus network

Table 8 shows the number of Driver Incident Reports (DIRs) relating to ASB and the rate of DIRs per million passenger journeys made on the bus network.

A DIR is a call from a driver of a London Bus to London's 24 hour bus control centre (CentreComm) via the on-bus radio system. Drivers use DIRs to request a response including an emergency response or to report an incident or issue. DIRs are made for a number of reasons including congestion, mechanical problems, passenger illness or anti-social behaviour. It is important to note that DIRs are not crimes and many relate to low level incidents that are used for intelligence purposes.

DIRs for anti-social behaviour fall broadly into five categories which are shown in the table below. Not all DIRs result in a crime and the reports range in severity from minor passenger disputes, rowdy behaviour to more serious incidents including fighting and threatening behaviour. TfL and the MPS actively encourage reporting of all incidents of an anti-social nature on the network. DIRs are a valuable source of intelligence, which is used to inform police deployment decisions and TfL's community safety activities.

ASB DIRs	Q1 20	12/13	Q1 2	013/14	% change
A3D DIKS	DIRs	Rate	DIRs	Rate	in DIRs
Criminal Damage	946	1.6	822	1.4	-13.1%
Disturbances	5,953	10.0	5,743	9.6	-3.5%
Forgery / fraud	3,661	6.2	4,420	7.4	+20.7%
Minicab Touting	4	Less	8	Less	
		than l		than l	+100.0%
Robbery	50	Less	51	Less	
		than l		than l	+2.0%
Theft Handling	157	Less	130	Less	
		than l		than l	-17.2%
Violent Offences	466	Less	469	Less	
		than I		than I	+0.6%
Total	11,238	19.0	11,643	19.4	+3.6%

9. Levels of fare evasion on the bus network

The London Bus fare evasion survey changed in October 2012 from being undertaken every quarter to a continuous survey reported upon quarterly to investigate the levels of fare evasion[‡] on the London bus network. A representative sample of 200 driver duties on One Person Operated (OPO) routes is surveyed to enable a comprehensive coverage of London. Table 9 shows the percentage of passengers from the most recent survey, that were found to not have possession of, or have either an incorrect or invalid ticket or pass, for their current journey.

Table	9
1 4010	

Bus network	Q1 2012/13 Fare Evasion Rate Rolling 12 month average	Q1 2013/14 Fare Evasion Rate Rolling 12 month average
One Person Operated	1.0	1.3

10. Perception of safety and security

Through market research, TfL monitors people's views of different aspects of using TfL's transport system including perceptions of how safe they feel when travelling on and waiting for transport services. Table 10 shows Q1 perception results for safety and security measured through TfL's Customer Satisfaction Survey. The results are presented as a score out of 100 and should not be interpreted as the percentage of people feeling safe. The higher scores reflect more positive perceptions of safety and security. Table 14 shows two scores for each mode of transport – one score for perception of safety and security on the vehicle and the other for stations and stops.

Bus network	Q1 2012/13 score	Q1 2013/14 score	Change
On bus	87	88	+
At shelters / stops	84	85	+
LU	QI 2012/13 score	QI 2013/14 score	Change
On train	87	85	-2
At stations	84	84	N/A
DLR	QI 2012/13 score	QI 2013/14 score	Change
On train	88	89	+
At stations	87	88	+
LO	QI 2012/13 score	QI 2013/14 score	Change
On train	85	86	+
At stations	85	85	N/A
Tramlink	QI 2012/13 score	QI 2013/14 score	Change
On tram	91	91	N/A
At stops	88	88	N/A

[‡] The survey includes ticketing irregularities that haven't resulted in fare evasion, such as non-validation of Zip cards.

11. Useful links

Transport for London

• <u>http://www.tfl.gov.uk</u>

Metropolitan Police Service - <u>http://www.met.police.uk</u>

- Crime figures <u>http://www.met.police.uk/crimefigures/index.php</u>
- Safer Transport Command <u>http://content.met.police.uk/Site/safertransport</u>

British Transport Police http://www.btp.police.uk/

- Crime figures <u>http://www.btp.police.uk/stats/</u>
- L Area (London Underground / Docklands Light Railway) Division http://www.btp.police.uk/pdf/LUDLR-policing-plans-web-2012-13.pdf
- London Underground Division Neighbourhood Policing Teams -<u>http://www.btp.police.uk/local_btp_teams/london_underground.aspx</u>

For more information on this report please contact TfL at <u>csepcommunications@tfl.gov.uk</u>. For other general TfL enquiries please telephone +44 (0)343 222 1234, textphone: +44 (0)20 7918 3015 or use the relevant contact form of TfL's website <u>http://www.tfl.gov.uk/contact/default.aspx</u>